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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/718,247	11/20/2003	Mitsutoshi Shinkai	450100-04812	9926
7590 12/13/2006			EXAMINER	
	AWRENCE & HAU	FLEURANTIN, JEAN B		
745 FIFTH AV NEW YORK, 1		·	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2162	
			DATE MAILED: 12/13/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/718,247	SHINKAI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	JEAN B. FLEURANTIN	2162				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•	<u>.</u>				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 N	ovember 2003					
	action is non-final.					
<i>i</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E						
Disposition of Claims	;					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 November 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:	s have been received	•				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
application from the International Bureau	•	od III tilis i tational otago				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , ,	ed.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/1/4 & 7/2/4</u> . 6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

1. This is in response to Applicant(s) arguments filed on 11/20/03.

The following is the current status of claims:

Claims 1-49 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 07/02/04. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Drawings

The Drawings submitted on 11/20/03 are acknowledged.

Claim Objections

Claims 29, 31 and 33 are objected to because of "and / or". The Examiner suggests the Applicants to amend the claims in order to be more specific.

Claim 6 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate of claim 2. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

As set forth in MPEP 2106:

Products may be either machines, manufactures, or compositions of matter. A *machine* is "a concrete thing, consisting of parts or of certain devices and combinations of devices." *Burr v. Durvee*, 68 U.S. (1 Wall.) 531, 570 (1863).

As per claims 1, 2, 6-8 and 34-36,

The independent claims 1, 2, 6-8 and 34-36, the method, system and computer program as recited in the claims, in view of the above cited MPEP section is not statutory, because "a project-making device comprising a program meta data creating unit for creating program meta data, which is managed in increment files for each of said picture programs, said program meta data comprising: a program identification hierarchical level which is a highest hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to said picture program and a hierarchical structure including at least a cut hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to cuts which are the smallest increment making up said picture program at the time of project-making" does not produce a tangible result.

The claims lack the necessary physical articles or objects to constitute a machine or a manufacture within the meaning of 35 USC 101. They are clearly not a series of steps or acts to be a process nor are they a combination of chemical compounds to be a composition of matter. As such, they fail to fall within a statutory category. They are, at best, functional descriptive material per se.

Descriptive material can be characterized as either "functional descriptive material" or

"nonfunctional descriptive material." Both types of "descriptive material" are nonstatutory when claimed as

descriptive material per se, 33 F.3d at 1360, 31 USPQ2d at 1759. When functional descriptive material is

recorded on some computer-readable medium, it becomes structurally and functionally interrelated to the

medium and will be statutory in most cases since use of technology permits the function of the descriptive

material to be realized. Compare In re Lowry, 32 F.3d 1579, 1583-84, 32 USPQ2d 1031, 1035 (Fed. Cir.

1994)

Merely claiming nonfunctional descriptive material, i.e., abstract ideas, stored on a computer-

readable medium, in a computer, or on an electromagnetic carrier signal, does not make it statutory. See

Diehr, 450 U.S. at 185-86, 209 USPQ at 8 (noting that the claims for an algorithm in Benson were

unpatentable as abstract ideas because "[t]he sole practical application of the algorithm was in

connection with the programming of a general purpose computer.").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for

the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application

filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article

21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Pub. No.

2004/0218902 issued to Yanagita et al., ("Yanagita").

Art Unit: 2162

The applied reference has a common Sony Corporation with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

As per claim 1, Yanagita discloses "a picture program production assistance system for producing picture programs" (see Fig. 1), said system comprising:

"a project-making device for creating program meta data in planning sheet meta data which includes program meta data" (In light the specification at page 29, line 8 to page 30, line 16, the purposed of creating program meta data in planning sheet meta data is for creating a data table for each picture program. The method data construction of umid is disclosed by Yanagita; paragraph [0179] and Fig. 16 and also Fig. 1, item 10),

"which is managed in increment files for each of said picture programs" (i.e., controlling image processing; (i.e., comprising a series of images and metadata; see paragraph [0180]), comprising

"a program identification hierarchical level which is a highest hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to said picture program" (i.e., symbol for identifying digital data; paragraph [0182]) and

"a hierarchical structure including at least a cut hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to cuts which are the smallest increment making up said picture program at the time of project-making" (In light the specification at figure 2, hierarchical level is a program meta data file. The purposed for producing (incrementing) new metadata is disclosed by Yanagita; paragraph [0264]) and

"take meta data, managed in increments of increment files for each take, comprising meta data relating to takes which are consecutive shooting processing from the start to the end of one recording" (i.e., recording production information and data image; see paragraph [0289]); and

"a processing device for obtaining said program meta data created by said project-making device, creating said take meta data for each said take" (i.e., processing images; see paragraph [0301]), Application/Control Number:

10/718,247

Art Unit: 2162

and "correlating content data relating to said take and said take meta data with said cut within said

program meta data" (i.e., identification information for identifying image data and voice data; see

paragraph [0300]).

As per claims 2 and 6, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "a program identification

hierarchical level which is a highest hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to said picture

program" (i.e., symbol for identifying digital data; paragraph [0182]) and "a hierarchical structure including

at least a cut hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to cuts which are the smallest increment

making up said picture program at the time of project-making" (In light the specification at figure 2,

hierarchical level is a program meta data file. The purposed for producing (incrementing) new metadata is

disclosed by Yanagita; paragraph [0264]).

As per claims 3 and 9, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "a scene hierarchical level

which is a hierarchical level above said cut hierarchical level and comprises meta data relating to a scene

made up of at least one said cut" (information related to photographer content; see paragraph [0071] and

Fig. 2).

As per claim 4, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "a reporting hierarchical level

which is a hierarchical level above said scene hierarchical level and comprises meta data relating to a

report made up of at least one said scene" (information related to photographer content; see paragraph

[0071] and Fig. 2).

As per claims 5 and 11, Yanagita discloses "said program meta data includes production

instruction information which is meta data instructing the production contents of said picture program"

(i.e., producing images; see paragraph [0056]).

disclosed by Yanagita; paragraph [0264]).

10/718,247

Art Unit: 2162

As per claim 7, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "a program identification hierarchical level which is a highest hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to said picture program" (i.e., symbol for identifying digital data; paragraph [0182]) and "a hierarchical structure including at least a cut hierarchical level made up of meta data relating to cuts which are the smallest increment making up said picture program at the time of project-making" (In light the specification at figure 2, hierarchical level is a program meta data file. The purposed for producing (incrementing) new metadata is

As per claim 8, Yanagita discloses "a processing device comprising a program meta data obtaining unit for obtaining program meta data which is managed in increment files for each of said picture programs" (i.e., producing images; see paragraph [0056]).

As per claim 10, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "a scene hierarchical level which is a hierarchical level above said cut hierarchical level and comprises meta data relating to a scene made up of at least one said cut" (i.e., information related to photographer content; see paragraph [0071] and Fig. 2).

As per claim 12, Yanagita discloses "said take meta data includes picture-taking conditions information which is meta data instructing the shooting conditions of said take" (i.e., image processing; see paragraph [0055]).

As per claim 13, Yanagita discloses "following executing said take, said take correlating unit correlates content data relating to said take and said take meta data with said cut selected by a user before executing said take" (i.e., input operation (gui); see paragraph [0218]).

Art Unit: 2162

As per claim 14, Yanagita discloses "said take correlating unit correlates content data relating to said take and said take meta data with said cut selected by a user following executing said take" (i.e., inputting image data; see paragraph [0009).

As per claims 15 and 16, Yanagita discloses "said take correlating unit can correlate content data relating to a plurality of said takes and said take meta data with one said cut" (i.e., information related to photographer content; see paragraph [0071] and Fig. 2).

As per claims 17 and 18, Yanagita discloses "said take correlating unit can correlate content data relating to a single take and said take meta data with a plurality of said cuts each belonging within different said program meta data" (i.e., information related to photographer content; see paragraph [0071] and Fig. 2).

As per claim 19, in addition to claim 10, Yanagita further discloses "the file name of said take meta data" (i.e., file owner; see paragraph [0261]).

As per claim 20, in addition to claim 3, Yanagita further discloses "wherein said identifier is also included in said take meta data corresponding to said content data" (see paragraph [0055]).

As per claim 21, Yanagita discloses "said take correlating unit can correlate content data relating to a plurality of said takes and said take meta data with one said cut" (i.e., information related to photographer content; see paragraph [0071] and Fig. 2).

As per claims 22 and 23, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "which is meta data

relating to the shooting conditions of hierarchical levels on or higher than said cut hierarchical level, as

said program meta data" (i.e., image processing; see paragraph [0055]).

As per claim 24, the limitations of claim 24 are similar to claims 21 and 22, therefore, the

limitations of claim 24 are rejected in the analysis of claims 21 and 22, and this claim is rejected on that

basis.

As per claims 25 and 26, Yanagita discloses "said imaging device further comprises a meta data

display control unit for displaying said program meta data on a display unit" (i.e., input or output terminal;

see Fig. 8, items 112 & 113 and corresponding text).

As per claim 27, Yanagita discloses "said imaging device further comprises a shot cut selecting

unit for selecting said cut for correlation with said content data of said take and said take meta data, from

said cuts within program meta data displayed on said display unit, based on user input" (i.e., input or

output terminal; see Fig. 8 and paragraph [0228]).

As per claims 28 and 31, in addition to claim 25, Yanagita further discloses "a content data editing

unit for editing said content data, based on said program meta data and/or said take meta data" (i.e.,

editing; see Fig. 1, item 32).

As per claims 29 and 30, in addition to claim 1, Yanagita further discloses "a take correlation

information editing unit for editing said take correlation information, based on the editing results of said

content data by said content data editing unit" (i.e., editing; see Fig. 1, item 32).

Application/Control Number:

10/718,247

Art Unit: 2162

Page 10

As per claims 32-35, the limitations of claims 32-35 are similar to claims 1-16 and 25-26,

therefore, the limitations of claims 32-35 are rejected in the analysis of claims 1-16 and 25-26, and these

claims are rejected on that basis.

As per claims 36-49, the limitations of claims 36-47 are similar to claims 1-16, therefore, the

limitations of claims 36-49 are rejected in the analysis of claims 1-16, and these claims are rejected on

that basis.

The broadest reasonable interpretation of the claims must also be consistent with the

interpretation that those skilled in the art would reach. In re Cortright, 165 F.3d 1353, 1359, 49 USPQ2d

1464, 1468 (Fed. Cir. 1999).

Art Unit: 2162

CONTACT INFORMATION

2. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to JEAN B. FLEURANTIN whose telephone number is 571 - 272-4035. The examiner can

normally be reached on 7:05 to 4:35.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

JOHN E BREENE can be reached on 571 - 272-4107. The fax phone number for the organization where

this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jean Bolte Fleurantin

Patent Examiner

Technology Center 2100

December 08, 2006